

RELIGIOUS SUMMARY.

DESIGNATION OF MISSIONARIES.—On Sunday evening, 22d ult., at the Baptist meeting-house in Federal-street, the Rev. Edward A. Stevens, of Sunbury, Ga., and Mrs. Elizabeth L. Haven Stevens, of this city; Rev. Lyman Stilson, of Meredith, N. Y.; and Lucetta Brownson Stilson, of Franklin, N. Y.; Rev. Durlin L. Brayton, of Hubbardston, Vt., and Mrs. Mary H. Fuller Brayton, of Poughney, Vt., were publicly set apart as missionaries of the Board to Burma and the Karens. The order of exercises was as follows:—Hymn; Reading of the Scriptures, by Rev. Mr. Shaw; Introductory Prayer, by Rev. Dr. Sharp; Hymn, read by Rev. Mr. Neal; Instructions of the Board to the Missionaries, by the Assistant Secretary; Consecrating Prayer, by the Corresponding Secretary; Address, by the Rev. Mr. H.; Concluding Prayer, by Rev. Prof. Ripley; Hymn, and Benediction.

Mr. Stevens, it is expected, will take part in the instruction of the Theological School for native assistants, temporarily located at Tavoy; Mr. Stilson will be stationed in the vicinity of Ava; and Mr. Brayton, among Karens in the neighborhood of Rangoon.

The barque Rosabella, Capt. Green, in which they sail, and which carried out the missionaries to Assam and Arracan last year, is mostly freighted with supplies for the Burman and Karen missions, among which are five printing presses, and one standing press, and from 5 to 6000 reams of printing paper.—*Bap. Missionary Magazine.*

DEPARTURE OF THE MISSIONARIES.—On the 14th inst. the Rev. Henry R. Wilson, Jun., and wife, the Rev. J. H. Morrison, and wife, Mr. Reese Morris, Printer, and wife, all of the Presbyterian Church, and Mr. James Craig, Teacher, and wife, of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, sailed from the port of Philadelphia, in the ship Edward, Capt. Cheney, for Calcutta. They are destined as missionaries to Northern India, and are sent out under the direction of the Presbyterian Foreign Missionary Society. On Tuesday evening, the 10th inst. a public meeting was held in the Rev. Mr. Boardman's church, at which the Missionary family was present. The instructions to the missionaries were read by the Rev. Dr. Phillips of New-York, in consequence of the absence of Walter Lowrie, Esq., the General Agent, who was confined in his room by indisposition.—*Presbyterianian.*

REVIVALS.—Accounts from the East and South and West are truly cheering. The last number of Zion's Advocate contains the following:

"A letter from the Pastor of the Baptist Chh. in Warren, has the following postscript:

"Sept. 2, I baptized and received into the church 7 persons—Sept. 17, 12 persons—Oct. 1st, 16 persons, as some fruits of the precious revival in this town."

The church in Dexter, Me., has enjoyed a refreshing season, twenty-seven have been baptized. The township of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, has experienced a great outpouring of the Spirit; about 150 have followed their Lord in baptism.

The N. Y. Baptist Register states that in Penn Yan the number of converts is probably not less than three or four hundred. "One hundred and twenty-one have been immersed, and others stand as candidates. Our baptismal seasons have been very interesting and very solemn, attended by thousands of spectators."—In Jordan, six have been baptized.—*N. H. Bap. Reg.*

VERMONT LEGISLATURE.

[Reported for Walton's Daily Journal.]

SATURDAY, 2 o'clock, P. M.
SENATE.—*Resolutions.*—By Mr. Kinsman, instructing and requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to procure the sitting of the District courts at Montpelier, instead of Windsor and Rutland—laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Kinsman. Rescinding the resolution appointing a day of thanksgiving, and another resolution designating the 31 Thursday of November next as that day—contested in and passed.

BILLS.—For the relief of Allen Smith, reported by Mr. Hammond—read a 3d time and passed. Relating to the poor, and the erection and management of poor houses—read a 3d time and passed. Mr. Bell moved so to amend the bill as to exempt from military duty the faculty and students of colleges, and accompanied the motion with remarks in its favor. Mr. Phelps of Windsor replied in opposition to the motion. Amendment adopted.

MONDAY, Oct. 30.
SENATE.—Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Converse of Burlington.

BILLS.—For the education of minors and apprentices, reported by Mr. Young with amendments—read a 3d time, when Mr. Young explained the provisions of the bill, and addressed the Senate, showing the importance of provision by law for the education of minors employed in manufacturing establishments in this state, and the bill passed.

PETITIONS.—By Mr. Swift, of the inhabitants of Shoreham, praying the prohibition of the sale of ardent spirits—laid on the table. By Mr. Burton, of inhabitants of Bennington county, praying an allowance of 3 quarts toll for the grinding of grain, per bushel—referred to committee on manufactures.

HOUSE.—A bill relating to trial by jury, introduced on leave, was ordered to a 3d reading. (This bill gives "fugitives from service," i. e., slaves, who escape to this state, the right of trial by jury.)

REPORTS.—By the select committee, that the communications from Missouri, Georgia and Maine, required no legislative action; on the communications of Massachusetts, Maine and Mississippi concerning the franking privilege, the committee reported resolutions instructing our delegation in Congress to endeavor to procure the extension of the franking privilege to the Governors of the several states—adopted.

By committee on Education, on memorial for aid to Middlebury College, a bill to loan \$2000 to Middlebury College for five years without interest—laid on the table.

By select committee on grand list, bill, taxing steamboat stock, &c., and the bill was discussed at length. The bill embraces foreign bank stock, steamboat stock, (except ferries,) toll bridges, manufacturing and turnpike stock. A motion to exempt foreign bank stock was made and rejected; a motion to reconsider this vote was also made and rejected, 112 to 50. The bill was passed.

MONDAY, Oct. 31.

SENATE.—*EVENING SESSION.*—*Resolutions.*—From the House, resolving that the franking privilege should be extended to the Governors of the several states, and requesting the Governor of this state to transmit to the Governors of the several states a copy of the resolution—Senate resolved to concur.

TUESDAY, Oct. 31.

SENATE.—Prayer by the Chaplain. *Resolutions.*—By Mr. Briggs, providing for extending the time of beneficiaries of this state at the asylum for the deaf and dumb to the term of five years, at the discretion of the commissioners—passed.

HOUSE.—*BILLS PASSED.*—Assessing a tax for the support of Government—extending the right of trial by jury—for the relief of Charles Plastridge.

REPORTS.—By committee on grand list, that it is inexpedient to tax personal property of non-residents.

By committee on Education, against bill relative to common schools—dismissed; the Senate bill for the education of minors, &c., amended and passed.

SENATE.—2 o'clock, P. M.—*BILLS.*—Appropriating \$4000 to the Vt. asylum for the insane—passed, yeas 19, nays 9. Making appropriations for the support of government, reported by Mr. Steele, with a proposed amendment, to appropriate \$5000 for the completion of the State House. Amendment adopted, and the bill passed.

HOUSE.—The senate came in, and the joint assembly made sundry appointments of county officers.

ORANGE COUNTY.—John B. Beckett, High Bailiff.

BENNINGTON COUNTY.—Armas Matteson, Judge of Probate for the district of Bennington.

SENATE.—*EVENING SESSION, Oct. 31.*

BILLS.—For the education of minors and apprentices—taken up, amended, and concurred in. From the House, to purchase a portrait of Washington, read a 3d time, by the casting vote of the President, and passed—yeas 15, nays 13.

Concerning the Vt. Asylum for the Insane; amended, read a 3d time and passed—yeas 20, nays 9. Relating to highways; read a 3d time and passed—yeas 18, nays 8.

REPORTS.—Mr. Eaton, from the committee to whom was referred the communication of the Gov. in relation to a geological and topographical survey of the state, submitted a report, accompanied with a resolution, requiring the publication of the communications of Messrs. Benedict, Stevens and Johnson, upon the subject of the contemplated surveys.

TUESDAY EVENING.

HOUSE.—*BILLS PASSED.*—To pay \$4000 to asylum for the insane.

REPORTS.—That the petitions and bill relative to monastic institutions be referred to the next session—so referred; against the Pea-ham fish bill—dismissed.

The bill to incorporate the Jericho beet-root sugar manufacturing Co. coming up, Mr. Field of W. moved to dismiss it; motion opposed by Messrs. Field of Jericho, Keith, and Kittredge, supported by Messrs. Field of W. and Dillingham, and carried.

The bill to repeal an act for the benefit of common schools was referred to the next session.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1.

SENATE.—*REPORTS.*—By Mr. Howe, that the manner in which fuel and stationery, &c., is supplied for the Legislature, is improper, and that provision should be made for a more economical supply, accompanied with a resolution, which was laid on the table.

BILLS.—Reported by Mr. Phelps of Windsor, who stated the fact relating to the claim, and the bill was read a third time and passed; relating to right of trial by jury, reported by Briggs, without amendment, when Mr. Phelps of Windsor addressed the Senate in opposition to the bill on the ground that the provisions of the bill were in violation of the constitution of this State and of the United States; and if passed, would be a nullification of an act of Congress—a question of fearful interest and momentous consequence. Mr. Briggs, followed, in favor of the bill, contending that the constitution of the U. S. does not delegate to congress the power to pass laws, as assumed by Mr. P., and that the right of trial by jury to every human being in the state could be constitutionally given, and should be secured by legislative enactment. (The bill relating to fugitives [slaves] passed.)

Extending the limits of jail yards, reported by Mr. Briggs, and laid on the table.

The Senate took up the resolution from the House, assigning a time for the election of a Treasurer of this state, and resolved not to concur—yeas 6, nays 20.

RESOLUTIONS.—Protecting against the admission of States into the Union whose constitution tolerates domestic slavery,

called up by Mr. Howe—the yeas and nays demanded by Mr. Phelps of Windsor, and the resolution supported by Messrs. Howe, Briggs and Ranney, opposed by Messrs. Cobb, Egerton, Phelps of Windsor, and Pierpoint. Mr. Porter moved that the resolution be laid on the table—motion lost, yeas 12, nays 13; the question recurring, shall the resolution pass, was decided in the affirmative—yeas 16, nays 10. That Congress have full power to abolish slavery and the slave trade in the District of Columbia and the territories of the Union; Mr. Phelps of Windsor moved to amend the resolution by erasing the words "slavery and," so that it would read, abolish slavery and the slave trade, &c.—and supported the motion at some length. Mr. Porter replied in opposition to the motion, followed on the same side by Mr. Ranney—motion to amend lost, and the resolution passed. That Congress have the power to interdict the slave trade between the states—laid on the table. That our Senators and Representatives in Congress present the foregoing resolutions to Congress, and use their influence to carry them speedily into effect; and that the Gov. of this state forward a copy of the resolutions and report to the President of U. S. and to the Governors of the several States. Mr. Phelps of Windsor moved that the resolution be laid on the table, remarking that as the President of the U. S. had vetoed the subject in advance, it would be useless to forward to him the resolutions. On the motion, after debate, Mr. Waterman demanded the yeas and nays—motion carried, yeas 16, nays 12, and the resolution laid on the table.

HOUSE.—The House resumed consideration of the bill to abolish imprisonment for debt. Mr. Colby moved to postpone the bill to the next session, negatived. The amendment of Mr. Peck was modified, and negatived, and the bill was passed. Mr. Peck called up the resolution relative to the election of Treasurer;—three several points of order were raised, two of which were overruled by the chair. The third objection was to the 3d resolution fixing a time for a joint assembly, that it had in substance been acted upon. The chair sustained the objection, when the vote was suspended, and all the resolutions were adopted, without a count, declaring first that the legislature has the power to elect a treasurer under present circumstances; second, that this power might be exercised; third, fixing 3 o'clock this afternoon for a joint assembly to elect a treasurer.

The senate bill relating to inkeepers was supported by Mr. Kittredge; Mr. Ames moved to admit the sale of spirits to inkeepers for medicinal purposes; adopted. The bill was supported by Messrs. Fairbanks and Keith, opposed by Messrs. Partridge, Fisk and Briggs and rejected, 97 to 81.

The senate returned the bill making appropriation for government, with an amendment appropriating \$5000 for State House, nonconcurred in, 119 to 54.

2 o'clock, P. M.
SENATE.—*BILLS.*—Making appropriations for support of government, sent up from the House, disagreed to the amendment of the Senate, appropriating \$5000 for completing State house. On the question, will the Senate insist on their amendment, the vote was in the affirmative.

Taking foreign bank stock, steamboat stock and vessels, with amendments, made in the house; taxing turnpike stock and bridges, post coaches and stages—and excepting the stock of steam ferry boats on Lake Champlain—called up by Mr. Van Sicken, who moved the concurrence of the Senate in the adoption of the amendments. Mr. Miller, after debate, moved that the bill be laid on the table—motion to lay withdrawn, and the Senate resolved to concur in the amendments. Making appropriations for support of government; taken up, and the Senate agreeing to the proposition of the house for a conference, Messrs. Pierpoint, Briggs and Converse were appointed a committee on the part of the Senate. Extending limits of jail yards to counties; rejected.

RESOLUTIONS.—requiring the publication of communications on the subject of a geological and topographical survey of the state; called up by Mr. Eaton, and passed. Another resolution upon the same subject, providing for 1000 copies, separate from the journals of the Senate; introduced by Mr. Eaton, was opposed by Mr. Howe, and passed—yeas 21, nays 1.

MESSAGE.—From the house, announcing that the house still adhere to their disagreement to the bill making appropriation for support of government, and asking a conference, having appointed Messrs. Kittredge, Dillingham and Needham, on their part, for that purpose.

Mr. Pierpoint reported the result of the committee of conference—that the Senate insist upon their amendment, and the house propose \$3500. The Senate resolved to insist, and the house proposing \$3500 for finishing State house—Senate concurred.

HOUSE.—The committee of conference on the appropriation bill, reported that about \$3500 would be required to complete the state house. Mr. Kittredge moved that the house do recede—agreed to. Mr. Kittredge moved to amend the amendment by substituting \$3,500 in lieu of 5,000—adopted; and the amendment as amended was concurred in.

EVENING SESSION.
SENATE.—*RESOLUTION.*—By Mr. Pierpoint, authorizing the librarian to loan the committee to revise the statutes any book out of the state library, to be returned within the year—passed. Relating to slavery—called up by Mr. Ranney, who read to the Senate a petition of more than 1000 inhabitants of the District of Columbia, praying for the abolition of the slave trade in that district, and formerly presented to Congress. This petition was presented, in a clear and convincing manner, some of the numerous and aggravated enormities of the odious traffic in the bodies, blood and souls of men, carried on in the face of day, and in the heart of a nation called free and independent, and whose constitution recognizes the inalienable right of all persons to "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness." Mr. Pierpoint moved that the resolution be so amended as not to require being sent to the Executives of the several states—motion carried, and resolution passed.

Mr. Pierpoint and Mr. Briggs were appointed a committee to inform the Governor that the Senate had completed the business of the session, on their part, unless he had further communication to make—and having performed the duty assigned them, the committee informed the Senate that the Gov. had no further communications to make.

HOUSE.—*EVENING.*—*REPORTS.*—By committee on Grand list, against taxing wild lands. By select committee, on admission of Texas, with Senate resolutions against the annexation of Texas—and slave states—adopted unanimously; declaring that Congress possesses full power to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia, and territories of the U. S. and instructing our delegates in Congress on the subject—adopted unanimously; by select committee, resolutions, declaring that Congress has full power to abolish the slave trade among the states—adopted nem. con.

The Senate came in, and the joint assembly proceeded to elect a reporter of the decision of the supreme court.

On the 5th ballot, Geo. B. Shaw, Esq. of Burlington, was elected.

The Secretary of the Senate announced that the house had completed the business of the session.

The resolutions of Mr. Partridge, relative to banks, were taken up, and, together with the substitute proposed by Mr. Hopkins, referred to the next session.

The resolution of Mr. Dee, declaring that the legislature has not the constitutional power to prohibit the traffic in ardent spirits, was adopted—yeas 63, nays 52.

SENATE.—*THURSDAY, NOV. 2.*—A quorum not being present, Mr. Waterman moved that the sergeant at arms be despatched to call in the absentees. Motion negatived.

On motion of Mr. Ranney, to lay on the table the bill relating to prisoners and jail yards, Mr. Waterman, demanded the yeas and nays—yeas 2, nays 6—and on motion of Mr. Waterman, the bill was postponed to the next session of the legislature.

Prayer having been offered by the chaplain, the President adjourned the Senate without day.

HOUSE.—The Speaker not being present, Mr. Hopkins of Windsor was appointed speaker pro tem, and after prayer by Mr. Ames, the House was adjourned without day.

The bill extending the limits of jail yards was lost thus: the house completed its action on the bill at 11 Wednesday night—the Senate had then adjourned, so the bill could not be returned to that House. Thursday morning action was impossible, there being no quorum in either house. We regret the loss of the bill.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

"THE HOME" DISASTER.—Among the sufferers on board the boat, we have the painful task to enumerate one of our worthy native fellow citizens, Mr. G. S. Fuller, late of this town, residing in Charleston, S. C., and who had recently visited his widowed mother and friends here, was among the lost passengers.—*Rutland Herald.*

The Rev. Mr. Cowles, another of the persons lost, (together with his wife,) was formerly agent of the Mission Board for this State.—*Vt. Watch & Jour.*

THE FATE OF THE SIOUX SEALED.—The treaty with the Sioux gives us five millions of acres of land for one million of dollars—at 20 cents per acre. It is on the east side of upper Mississippi, and the tribes are to be permitted to use it still for hunting grounds, which of course is sowing the seeds for more bloody border feuds, and so it will be till the surges of the Pacific, as did the Atlantic in the days of the Old English King, Canute, drive back the Indian tribes upon the augmenting flood of Anglo-Saxon population rolling to the west.—*N. Y. Star.*

MARINE INSURANCE.—The past summer and autumn have been remarkable for the amount of property destroyed at sea, in consequence of which the marine offices have suffered severely. Within a period of eleven days the following heavy losses have been heard from, insured in State street, for the amounts here stated, besides many smaller ones, which would considerably swell the aggregate:—Brig Toucan, of Boston, \$53,000; ship Home, of Philadelphia, \$52,000; ship Emerald, of Portsmouth, \$38,000; ship Boston, of Salem, \$25,000; ship Boreas, of Duxbury, \$20,000. Total, \$188,500.—*Boston Daily Advertiser.*

SPECIE PAYMENTS.—The Albany Argus announces that a convention of the Banks of the principal cities is to be held at New-York on the 27th of November next, for the purpose of fixing upon a day for the resumption of specie payments, and for taking the necessary steps to insure that measure.

PRICES OF FLOUR AT LATEST DATES. At Louisville, \$5.50;—transactions trifling; at Cincinnati, \$5.75 a \$6, at the canal; at Pittsburgh, \$6.50 a \$6.62; at Alexandria, D. C., \$8.25.—*N. Y. Spec.*

STATE OF VERMONT.

A Proclamation, by the Governor.

At the request of the Senate and House of Representatives, I hereby appoint Thursday, the sixteenth day of November next, to be observed throughout this State as a day of public Thanksgiving, Praise and Prayer; requesting the people to assemble, on that day, in their several places of public worship, and there offer to Almighty God unfeigned acknowledgments for His goodness, for His continued protection and preservation of our lives, and for the bountiful products of another year.

Let us there, while we suspend all avocations unsuitable to the occasion recount the unmeasured kindness of our Heavenly Father;—thank Him for the health so generally prevalent;—that no devastating sickness has visited us;—that amid the multiplied acts of His kindness he has signally blessed us with a government of order and of laws, depending upon the moral sense and power of the people for its support and continuance, and securing to us the quiet enjoyment of civil rights and religious freedom. And while we thus render thanks, let us not forget, that to the smiles of His countenance we are indebted for all our social, civil and religious privileges;—that it was His guardian care that upheld us in the infancy of our national existence, that hath protected us from those storms and tempests which have convulsed and overthrown other nations, and that His overruling providence alone has preserved us, thus far, from serious divisions and internal commotions.

It behoves us to thank God for the means afforded, through our system of education, for transmitting to those who succeed us the true principles of good government. Let us pray for those having charge of our schools and seminaries of learning, that they may rightfully appreciate the responsibility of their stations, and so teach, that each succeeding generation shall be a generation of better men and better citizens;—ever remembering, that to them, in a great measure, is committed the future destiny of our Republic.

Let us pray for our beloved country—for those who rule over it—for all our free institutions.—That the foul stain of slavery may be speedily washed away—That God would vouchsafe to extend his paternal care, and restrain all the disorderly tumults of wicked men, and say to the tide of human passion, "thus far shalt thou go and no further." That our rulers may be guided by wisdom—that in our national councils they may be led to the adoption of wise and salutary measures—and that our institutions may remain uncorrupted and continue to exert a healthful influence to the latest period of time.

And while we thus offer up, on the public altar, our prayers and thanksgivings, let us remember the circumstances of the poor and distressed, nor forget, that in addition to our sympathies and prayers, they need the practical fulfilment of the injunction, "be ye warmed, be ye filled." And finally, let us praise God for all our enjoyments; and, laying aside all animosity, ill will and unfriendly feeling, let us, in the language of inspiration, with one voice exclaim, "O give thanks unto the Lord, for he is good, for his mercy endureth forever."

Given under my hand in Executive Chamber, at Montpelier, this thirty-first day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States, the sixty-second.

S. H. JENISON.

By the Governor.

Geo. B. MANSEY, Secretary.

EDITORIAL SUMMARY.

A man by the name of Lyman was recently shot dead in the street, in the city of Rochester, N. Y., a few yards from his own door. He was a clerk in the rail-road office, and had a considerable amount of money about his person. It is supposed that the deed was committed about 9 o'clock at night, as the report of a gun, or pistol, was heard at that time. His hat which had fallen off and rolled some distance was found containing \$5000. This the robbers had not discovered. He was found early in the morning by his wife, who had passed an anxious and distressing night on account of his absence. Three young persons, aged from 18 to 22, have been apprehended, one of whom, it is said has confessed the crime.

The report that Captain White, of the wrecked steam-boat, Home, was intoxicated at the time of the disaster, is contradicted. A defence is expected from the captain.

All is yet suspense in regard to the fate of the packet-ship Susquehanna.

Thanksgiving in New-York, and Michigan, on the 30th inst.

The ship Terror, commanded by captain Back, which was sent out by the British government on an exploring expedition, some fifteen or eighteen months since, having for its object to find if possible, a north-western passage, has returned, repulsed by the ice, and nearly in a sinking condition. Three, out of sixty of the crew, died of scurvy.

There was a destructive fire at Oswego, N. Y., on the 24th ult.—another at Halifax, (Nova Scotia,) on the 23d—also a hurricane which destroyed three lives near Cayhoga Falls, (Ohio,) on the 20th.

The late law of Congress in regard to the surplus, postpones till the first day of January, eighteen hundred thirty-nine, the transfer of the fourth instalment; provided that the first three instalments under the former act shall remain on deposit with the states until otherwise directed by Congress.

The following are among the items of the appropriation act: for pay and mileage of the members of Congress, \$248,500—for stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the Senate, \$30,000—for stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, \$50,000—for contingent expenses of money, in addition to amount appropriated last March, \$120,000—for relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, \$10,000—for war with the Indians, \$1,600,000.

The publication of the "Gospel Witness" is transferred from David Bernard to P. L. Platt. How many more changes, brethren, in the course of a single volume?

Each week that Congress is in session, the cost to the nation is more than a ton of silver, if payment be made in that precious metal.

The Indians of the western tribes who have recently been at Washington and sold their possessions to the government of the United States, are visiting some of the principal Atlantic cities. They were in Boston on the 28th ult. Their travelling expenses are borne by the United States Government.

The United States Gazette, published at Philadelphia, says that John Wetherell, of Chalky Hall, has raised a pumpkin this year which weighs two hundred and thirty-eight pounds, & measures eight feet six inches in diameter. It was exhibited at the late Horticultural exhibition in Philadelphia.

The Legislature of New-Jersey convened at Trenton on Tuesday, 24th ult. Andrew Parsons, Vice President of Council; Robert E. Horner, Secretary; Lewis Condict, Speaker of the House; Ralph H. Shreve, Clerk.

A million of silver dollars weighs about thirty tons.

Wm. Pennington is elected Governor of New-Jersey.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—The ministers of the Addison County Baptist Association will hold a Conference in Whiting, the first Tuesday and Wednesday in January, 1838.—The meeting will commence on Tuesday, precisely at one o'clock, P. M. The following subjects will be discussed:

1st. Essay on the agreement between Human and Divine agency, in commencing, and perfecting godliness in the soul.—B. Carpenter.

2d. Essay on the ground of the sinner's acceptance with God.—W. G. Johnson.

3d. A brief explanation of Mat. 2, 11.—W. W. Moore.

4th. A brief explanation of Eph. 2, 1.—M. Flint.

Other brethren received appointments, but what they were, does not now occur to me. Brother Estee, of Ticonderoga, is expected to preach on Tuesday evening.

The churches composing the Addison County Baptist Association, are requested to send a delegation of one or two brethren, with their pastors, for the purpose of consulting with regard to the propriety of forming a County Bible Society, auxiliary to the State Society, recently formed at Waterbury. Brother Moore of Bristol will preach on the occasion, on Wednesday at 10 o'clock A. M.

Our brethren in the vicinity, are respectfully invited to attend.

W. G. JOHNSON, *Clk. of the Conference.* Whiting, Oct. 19th, 1837.

WEEKLY RECEIPTS.

H. Ballard	\$100	J. Rowell	200
H. Goodrich	150	A. Sargeant	75
J. Bowker	150	J. Thurston	75
D. Harrington	500	W. Andrews	75
D. B. Mudgett	200	P. T. Ruland	55
A. Locke	200	J. N. Tucker	200
M. C. Stone	200		

MARRIED.

In Orwell, 31st ult., Hiram Wicker to Adaline Royce.

On the 25th ult., at the residence of William Baker in Fort Ann, N. Y., by D. Harrington, Israel Thompson to Martha A. Baker, all of Fort Ann.

DIED.

In this town, 6th instant, HENRY, son of Daniel Flint, late of this town, and now of Moira, N. Y., aged 20.

In Orwell, 27th ult., William, son of Mason Cook.

In Shoreham, 25th ult., Ellen, daughter of Davis Rich, aged about 18.

In Georgia, on the 23d ult., in a fit of apoplexy A—, wife of James Holchick, aged 61. She has left a husband and six children to mourn her loss. She had for thirty years been a member of the Baptist church in that place; and by her deeds of charity to the sick and destitute, had gained the esteem of all her acquaintance. Bless'd are the dead who die in the Lord. Com.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

WE the subscribers, being appointed by the Hon. Probate Court for the district of Rutland, Commissioners to receive, examine, and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of JOHN McDONALDS, late of Brandon, in said district, deceased, represented insolvent, and also all claims and demands exhibited in offset thereto; and six months from the second day of October last, being allowed by said court for that purpose: We do therefore hereby give NOTICE, that we will attend to the business of our said appointment at the Counting house of the BRANDON IRON COMPANY, in said Brandon, on the 2